



February
2025

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Save the Date!

2025 Spring Producer Meetings

Spring will come, we promise! Mark your calendars for the 2025 Spring Producer Meetings in April. The meetings will be in-person, producer only and lunch will be provided after the meeting. Agenda items will be sent out at a later date.

Meeting dates and locations are as follows:

April 8th - Swift Current
F.O.E. Eagles
1910 S Service Rd. W
Swift Current, SK

April 9th - Warman
Warman Home Centre Communiplex
(formerly Legends Centre)
701 Centennial Blvd.
Warman, SK

April 11th - Balgonie
Balgonie Multiplex
1045 Hwy 364

We look forward to seeing you there!

Producer Satisfaction Survey Reminder

If you haven't filled out your Producer Satisfaction Survey yet, please log-in to the Producer Portal where a link has been provided.

It is a great opportunity for farmers to voice concerns or raise questions anonymously. Farmer feedback is crucial in helping to identify areas of improvement or change. It is important that producer needs are being met and that the relationship with SaskMilk remains positive.

Please complete by February 25, 2025. Thank you!





A Recap of the Fourteenth Annual SaskMilk Dairy Info Day

G.B. Penner

The 14th SaskMilk Dairy Info Day was held at the Brian King Centre in Warman, SK on Tuesday February 11th, 2025. This is a short summary of the presentations that were provided along with copies of the slides presented. Prior to the presentations, Dr. Tim Mutsvangwa gave a brief update and welcome from the Department of Animal and Poultry Science and Derek Westeringh highlighted the role of the Rayner Dairy Research and Teaching Facility (Rayner) Advisory Board.

Gordon Hamm, the Interim Manager of the Rayner provided a presentation covering production characteristics for the herd along with activities that involve the facility. The Rayner has been busy with research activity while maintaining good milk production. There are numerous projects lined up waiting for access to cows and space in the barn. Guided tours are available through the Rayner by request (aps_dairytrips@usask.ca) and over 1050 people have toured the facility since September 2024. Numerous classes within the College of Agriculture and Bioresources and in the Western College of Veterinary Medicine use the Rayner to help provide hands-on training, experience, and practice with techniques.

Dr. Paul Kononoff, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, was one of the keynote speakers and discussed recent innovations to help improve nutrient utilization by dairy cattle. Topics covered included novel feed ingredients, forage processing methods, use of byproduct feeds, pricing methods for purchased feeds, and strategies to help improve the consistency of feed delivery, particularly after events that can affect the dry matter concentration in silage.

Erika Cornand, PhD student at the University of Saskatchewan and Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada shared her research comparing feeding management for Holstein steers and beef × Holstein heifers. Her results indicate that feeding a high-energy diet improves the rate of gain for calves without affecting feed intake relative to feeding a moderate energy diet (similar to feeding refusals from a lactating cow TMR). As could be expected, beef × dairy steers grew much faster than Holstein steers and beef × dairy heifers.

Bianca Rusawo, MSc student at the University of Saskatchewan, shared her research on using hybrid rye silage as a partial replacement for barley silage. In that study, increasing the inclusion rate of hybrid rye by replacing barley silage led to reductions in dry matter intake, milk yield, and milk fat and protein yields.

Ingrid Nyazika, MSc student at the University of Saskatchewan, presented research findings evaluating silage from a biennial forage blend as a replacement for barley silage. The biennial blend was composed of triticale, sweet clover, red clover, and hairy vetch. Increasing the inclusion rate of the biennial blend led to greater reductions in dry matter intake, but milk yield, milk fat yield, and milk protein were greater when the biennial blend replaced 33 or 67% of the barley silage.

Beverly Lynch's, MSc student at the University of Saskatchewan, research was presented by **Dr. Greg Penner**. This study evaluated the use of ground, dry rolled, or high-moisture barley when fed to dairy cattle. Results indicate that when fed moderate starch diets (25.5% starch), the method of barley grain processing does not impact dry matter intake, rumen pH, or milk and milk component yields.

Dr. Clemence Nash, Novus International, gave the final keynote presentation. Dr. Nash's presentation challenged producers to consider cows by making comparisons to a high-performance car. The presentation highlighting that without the right conditions (maintenance, tires, fuel, road conditions, fuel, etc.), a high-performance car will likely not realize its potential. Likewise, dairy cattle will not likely realize their potential or may not perform well for very long if we do not provide cattle the necessary maintenance (dry period, hoof trimming, general care), environment (comfortable stalls, appropriate time budget, ventilation), nutrition, and care (calm handling).



Presenters at Dairy Info Day from left to right:

Dr. Greg Penner, Professor, Department of Animal and Poultry Science, University of Saskatchewan, **Gordon Hamm**, Interim Manager, Rayner Dairy Research and Teaching Facility, **Erika Cornand**, University of Saskatchewan, **Ingrid Nyazika**, University of Saskatchewan, **Bianca Rusawo**, University of Saskatchewan, **Dr. Paul Kononoff**, University of Nebraska and **Dr. Clémence Nash**, Novus International, Inc.



RAYNER DAIRY REPORT

A Beef Grading Primer

G.B. Penner

Many dairy producers have included or are considering adding a beef production venture with their beef × dairy calves or their dairy steers. Growing and finishing programs impact the quality of the beef produced and could affect how to profitably market those cattle. This article will delve into the Canadian beef grading system and what the grades mean.

The Canadian Beef Grading Agency (**CBGA**) is an industry-run organization that has been accredited by the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (**CFIA**) to provide beef, bison, and veal grading. As nutritional management, choice of cattle breeds, use of growth promoting technologies, and other factors differ among producers, the grading system allows for carcasses to be classed based on common factors that are important for the eating experience. In Canada, there are 13 quality grades and 5 yield grades for cattle. Let's break down those categories to better understand how the grading system works.

First things first, carcasses in Canada can only be graded after receiving a CFIA meat inspection stamp. This has some important implications, particularly for dairy producers that may be marketing beef off the farm as a value-added opportunity. Firstly, beef carcasses can only be graded if they are first inspected. This means that abattoirs without this inspection cannot grade the beef. Many regional and provincial abattoirs would fall in this category. Secondly, only graders certified by the CBGA can grade beef. This ensures that all carcasses with a given grade have the same characteristics. You might be asking why this matters? Firstly, carcass grades can be a marketing tool when selling beef. Consider when you see AAA beef or Prime beef on a menu at a restaurant. That quality grade likely imparts some preconceived belief for how good the beef will be. Secondly, and probably more important, we know that cattle will not all finish out the same. Even under the same management some cattle will likely grade Prime while others may grade as AA or even A. Grading helps to group carcasses such that the consumer should receive the same quality every time they purchase that grade of beef. This may be more important when selling beef off the farm as it is essential that consumers have a great and consistent experience each time. Without consistency in the outcome, it may be challenging to maintain a regular client list.

Yield grades. The yield grade is designed to evaluate the percentage of boneless retail yield from the four primal cuts of beef. The primal cuts include the loin, round, rib, and chuck.

These cuts are some of the highest value regions within the beef carcass. The yield grade is predicted based on the width and length of the rib-eye and the fat thickness. The width and length of the rib-eye provide an overall muscle score which is then combined with the fat thickness to determine the yield grade.

In this case, yield grade 1 (>52.4% retail yield) indicates the greatest retail yield and yield grade 5 (45% or less retail yield) indicates the least. There is generally a negative relationship between quality grade and yield grade, as greater quality grades generally result in lower yield grades. If marketing on a grid-based system, yield grades are an important factor to monitor as high grades (> yield grade 2) can result in discounts on the price.

Quality grades. Quality grades are probably the grades that most consumers are familiar with. The quality grades in Canada are divided between those for youthful and mature carcasses. The youthful term generates confusion as many producers believe this is based on a calendar age (<30 mo). While this is generally true, the youthful classification is based on the physiological maturity of the carcass. To assess the youthful nature, graders can evaluate how much of the cartilage on the end of the spinous process has been ossified (converted to bone). Teeth also provide a useful ageing tool. Carcasses that appear more mature (even if they are <30 mo) are likely to be tougher than the youthful carcasses. This means that even with an animal that is under 30 mo of age, you could have a carcass that is classified as being mature.

Youthful carcasses receive grades of Prime, AAA, AA, A, B1, B2, B3, B4, or E (E is described below). The Prime and A-categories have good to excellent muscling, firm and bright red muscle, adequate white fat cover, with the major difference in the proportion of intramuscular fat (marbling). It is likely obvious that carcasses receiving the Prime grade have more fat than those with a single A grade.

Youthful cattle can receive B-grades if: they do not have any marbling and/or have insufficient backfat (B1); they have yellow-coloured fat (B2); they have poor muscling conformation and/or soft muscle texture (B3); or they have dark red muscle (B4). The B4 grade is also known as 'dark cutters'. All of these grades are suitable for human consumption, it is simply the value of the primal cuts that is strongly affected it impacts consumer appeal.

Carcasses that are classified as being mature can receive D grades or an E grade. The D grades (D1 to D4) differentiate mature carcasses based on muscle conformation and backfat thickness. Carcasses with an E grade could be youthful or mature as the E designation indicates there is pronounced masculinity. Development of 'bull-like' characteristics influence the tenderness of the meat.

It is important to note that dairy breeds have tremendous potential for marbling leading to excellent quality grades and this may impact marketing options. Unfortunately, carcass grid programs need to be negotiated with the packer and are largely confidential. When carcasses have excellent quality grades, there may be an opportunity to generate more revenue by marketing on a grid-basis rather than a rail-basis.

How do you apply this information? Producers should have a general understanding of carcass grading. While it is not permitted to grade carcasses unless they receive a CFIA meat inspection stamp and are graded by a CBGA certified grader, understanding the process can help ensure a consistent experience for customers if selling beef off the farm. If selling to a packer, requesting (often at a cost) the grade outcomes can help refine management practices (slaughter weight, diet management, growth promoting technologies) and marketing strategies to ensure revenue and risk are optimized.

More information on the research can be obtained by email at greg.penner@usask.ca



*Congratulations
Matthew Flaman
2025 SSGA
Honour Scroll Recipient*

On February 7, 2025, Saskatchewan Stock Growers Association held a special banquet where outstanding were presented with Honour Scrolls for their exceptional contributions to the livestock industry, their community and to the province of Saskatchewan. One of the recipients of the award this year was SaskMilk past Chair, Matthew Flaman.

Matthew grew up on a family farm in Vibank, SK, that has been in operation since 1932, where he was actively involved in 4-H and various sports, and later returned to the farm after graduating from Vibank School in 1991. A pioneer in the dairy industry, Matthew helped transition the family farm to a purebred Holstein operation and was an early adopter of artificial insemination in his community. He has contributed to numerous agricultural organizations, serving as a director, vice chair, and chair for entities like Saskatchewan Holstein Branch, CanWest DHI, and Lactanet Canada. Additionally, Matthew dedicated more than 20 years to coaching minor hockey and remains deeply committed to local volunteer activities. His work at national tables through SaskMilk and other agricultural organizations has had a lasting impact on the Canadian dairy industry. Congratulations from SaskMilk, Matt!



DFC Update

Rallying Canadians: how dairy farmers can positively impact "Choose Canadian"

As the political and socioeconomic environment continue to be in a constant state of evolution, Dairy Farmers of Canada (DFC) is closely monitoring the current situation. We're working with provincial counterparts, the Canadian government, and other stakeholders to ensure a continued proactive and responsive "Team Canada" approach.

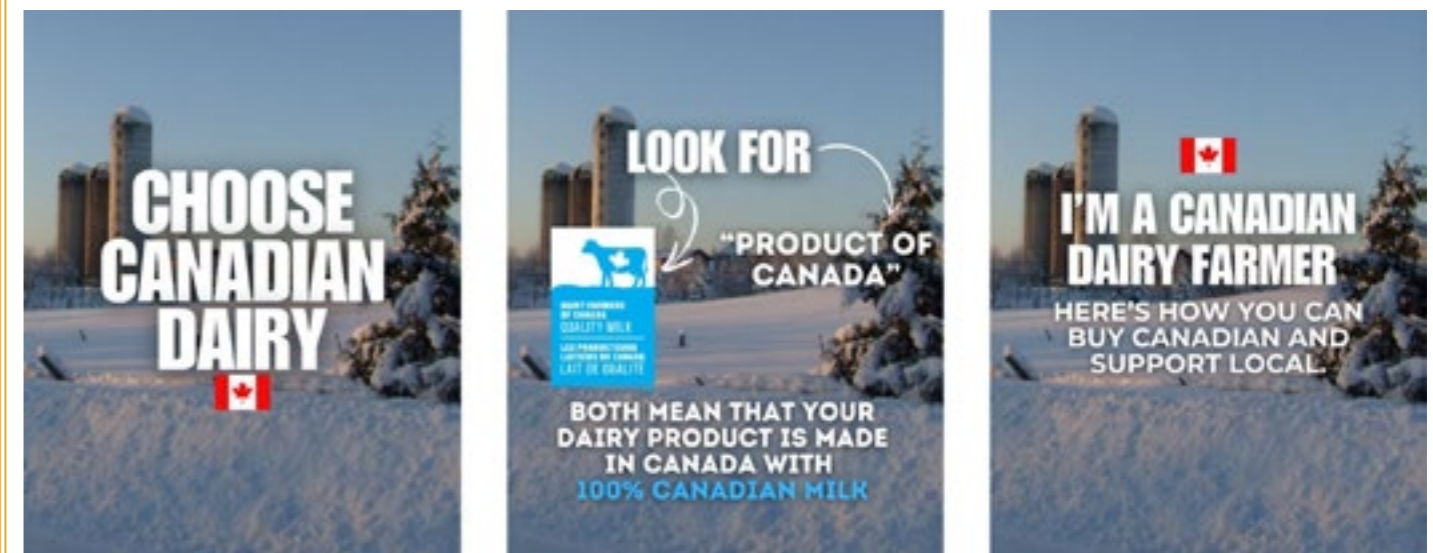
Canadian consumers are rallying and want to buy Canadian products. We are continuing to ensure that the voice of Canada's dairy farmers, and their crucial role in Canada's economy and food security, is understood.

Joining together and supporting each other is part of the farmers' DNA in Canada. To help, DFC has assembled a social media kit to help spread the word about choosing Canadian! Check out the assets available, including social media posts, Facebook profile pictures, and more. [Click here to find the kit.](#)

Need some inspiration for social media? Here's some material you can use:

Choose products made with Canadian milk. Look for this logo on your dairy products to ensure you're choosing products made from 100% Canadian milk! It's important to know that even if a product is associated with a brand that is also available in the U.S. if it bears the Blue Cow Quality Milk logo, it is made with 100% Canadian milk and milk ingredients. There are also products made with 100% Canadian milk that do not carry the Blue Cow logo. When in doubt, check the label for the statement "Product of Canada." To see products with the Blue Cow Logo, click here: <https://dairyfarmersof-canada.ca/en/canadian-goodness/blue-cow-spotter>

DFC will be adding more assets in the future, so be sure to keep an eye on DFC's social media channels and our farmer newsletter, Dairy Express. You can subscribe by emailing communications@dfc-plc.ca with your farm name and location!



January 31, 2025: Saskmilk was the proud sponsor of the Saskatoon Blades Bobblehead Night, with the first 1,000 fans receiving a bobblehead of Les Lazaruk, the longtime voice Blades hockey. Saskmilk's Dairyanna was there to greet the eager fans and offer up high-fives!



Saskmilk Board Activities February/March

February 7	Honour Scroll Banquet
February 11	Dairy Info Day
February 12	CMSMC
February 13-14	DIW/DBLC Meeting and plant tour
February 19-20	DFM Forum
February 25-26	All-Boards Meeting
February 26-27	WMPAC
March 12	SaskMilk Board Meeting
March 13	SaskMilk Strategic Planning Session
March 14	SaskMilk Board Meeting
March 18	NMIC
March 19-20	P10/CMSMC
March 25	SaskMilk Strategic Planning Session
March 26	WMPAC

Quota Exchange

The market-clearing price established for the February 2025 Quota Exchange was \$40,425.00.

The next Quota Exchange will be held on **March 15, 2025**. All offers to sell and bids to purchase quota through the Quota Exchange must be submitted by midnight, **March 6, 2025**. SaskMilk recommends that offers and bids be submitted well in advance of the deadline date to ensure adequate time for corrections, if necessary.

When making bids on the Quota Exchange, the price on offers to sell quota is the minimum price that the producer is prepared to accept for that quota. Only if the market-clearing price is equal to or greater than the producer's minimum price will that producer qualify for participation in the Exchange. Conversely, the price on offers to purchase quota is the maximum price that the producer is prepared to pay for that quota. Only if the market-clearing price is equal to or less than the producer's maximum price will that producer qualify for participation in the Exchange. The clearing price is set at the price where the smallest difference exists between the accumulated volume offered for sale and the accumulated volume bid to purchase. The results of the Quota Exchange are outlined in the following table.

FEBRUARY 2025 QUOTA EXCHANGE RESULTS

Market Clearing Price per Kilogram of Butterfat	\$40,425.00
Daily Kilograms Offered to Purchase	20.00
Kilograms Offered to Sell	93.70
Kilograms Sold	18.70
Number of Producers	
- offered to purchase	2
- purchased quota	2
- offered to sell	9
- sold quota	6

JANUARY 2025 QUOTA EXCHANGE CLEARING PRICE RESULTS

Price (\$/daily kg b.f.)	No. of Sellers	Cumulative Sellers	Daily Kgs b.f. offered for sale	Cumulative sales	Cumulative Sales less Cumulative purchases	Cumulative purchases	Daily Kgs b.f. offered to purchase	Cumulative bidders	No. of buyers
\$35,000.00	1	1	0.32	0.32	-19.68	20.00	0.00	2	0
\$37,367.10	1	2	1.38	1.70	-18.30	20.00	0.00	2	0
\$39,800.00	1	3	5.00	6.70	-13.30	20.00	0.00	2	0
\$40,000.00	2	5	7.00	13.70	-6.30	20.00	0.00	2	0
\$40,425.00	1	6	5.00	18.70	-1.30	20.00	0.00	2	0
\$40,750.00	1	7	25.00	43.70	23.70	20.00	0.00	2	0
\$41,000.00	1	8	25.00	68.70	48.70	20.00	0.00	2	0
\$41,550.00	0	8	0.00	68.70	48.70	20.00	10.00	2	1
\$41,790.00	0	8	0.00	68.70	58.70	10.00	10.00	1	1
\$42,000.00	1	9	25.00	93.70	93.70	0.00	0.00	0	0

TRANSFER CREDIT SUMMARY REPORT

MONTH	# OF PRODUCERS TRANSFER IN	# OF PRODUCERS TRANSFER OUT	TOTAL KGS OF BUTTERFAT
January 2024	10	10	3,703.00
February 2024	11	11	7,580.00
March 2024	12	12	8,760.00
April 2024	13	13	11,572.00
May 2024	17	17	10,764.00
June 2024	15	15	10,573.00
July 2024	19	19	12,689.00
August 2024	19	19	11,750.00
September 2024	20	20	10,329.00
October 2024	18	18	13,058.00
November 2024	27	27	32,337.00
December 2024	21	21	20,071.00
January 2025	11	11	4,380.00

PRIVATE TRANSFERS PROCESSED

MONTH	DAILY KILOGRAMS
January 2024	0.00
February 2024	0.00
March 2024	3.00
April 2024	0.00
May 2024	0.00
June 2024	91.97
July 2024	0.00
August 2024	75.71
September 2024	0.00
October 2024	6.87
November 2024	0.00
December 2024	0.00
January 2025	0.00

OVER QUOTA (OVER 5 DAYS) REPORT BY MONTH

MONTH	# OF PRODUCERS	KGS BUTTERFAT
January 2024	10	1,178
February 2024	9	1,850
March 2024	18	1,367
April 2024	16	1,336
May 2024	14	1,171
June 2024	13	1,329
July 2024	5	379
August 2024	1	14
September 2024	0	0
October 2024	6	338
November 2024	3	155
December 2024	7	764
January 2025	3	517

SUMMARY REPORT OF CREDITS JANUARY 2025 - 143 PRODUCERS		
DAYS	# OF PRODUCERS	POSITIVE CREDITS ACCUMULATED (KGS OF BFAT)
+ 5	3	2,160
0 to + 5	48	23,271
TOTAL	51	25,431
DAYS	# OF PRODUCERS	NEGATIVE CREDITS ACCUMULATED (KGS OF BFAT)
0 to -5	47	27,364
-5 to -10	30	65,903
-10 to -15	14	42,201
-15	1	614
TOTAL	92	136,082

LOST OPPORTUNITY REPORT		
MONTH	# OF PRODUCERS	LOST OPPORTUNITY (KGS OF BUTTERFAT)
January 2024	0	0
February 2024	0	0
March, 2024	1	375
April 2024	1	318
May 2024	1	389
June 2024	2	548
July 2024	1	1,212
August 2024	2	1,226
September 2024	4	2,166
October 2024	3	1,030
November 2024	3	596
December 2024	1	467
January 2025	1	489

WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMPONENT TESTS & PRICES JANUARY 2025		
COMPONENTS	AVERAGE TEST	PRICE PER KILOGRAM CLASS 1 TO 5
Butterfat	4.5295	18.349396
Protein	3.3892	2.885052
Other Solids	5.9089	0.827400

The average butterfat price received per kilogram was \$21.59

Milk Sale Revenue	\$25,072,278.81	Quality Bonus: WMP Quality Bonus 0.002189 SaskMilk Quality Bonus 0.001249 Total Quality Bonus Rate for January 2025 0.003438 per litre
WMP Revenue/<Expense>	<\$222,565.82>	
Total Revenue	\$24,849,712.99	



Farm Stress Line
SASKATCHEWAN
Made Possible by CN

Providing support when you need it the most, available 24 Hours, Days a week. CALL 1-800-667-4442

Farm Stress Line was initiated and funded by the Ministry of Agriculture in 1992. The Ministry of Agriculture contracted with MCS Inc. in 2012 to administer and provide crisis counselling to rural Saskatchewan. This change provides a 24hr 7 days a week response through a 1-800 toll free phone line with a proven expertise in crisis counselling.

Mobile Crisis Services, Inc. is a non-profit community-based organization that has been providing crisis intervention services to Regina and the province of Saskatchewan since 1974. The overall purpose of the agency is to provide integrated and comprehensive social and health crisis intervention services.

Mobile Crisis Services is governed by a volunteer Board of Directors. These volunteers contribute a significant amount of time to assist in the direction of programs and services for youth, individuals, families and seniors.

Services are provided on a 24-hour, seven day a week basis, in order to assure accessibility regardless of the time of day. The agency was formulated on the philosophy of "where services should be provided, they will be provided." The agency represents an innovative approach to crisis intervention and is an integral part of the health and social service delivery systems. Mobile Crisis Services is committed to community health and the development of supportive communities. For more information, visit:

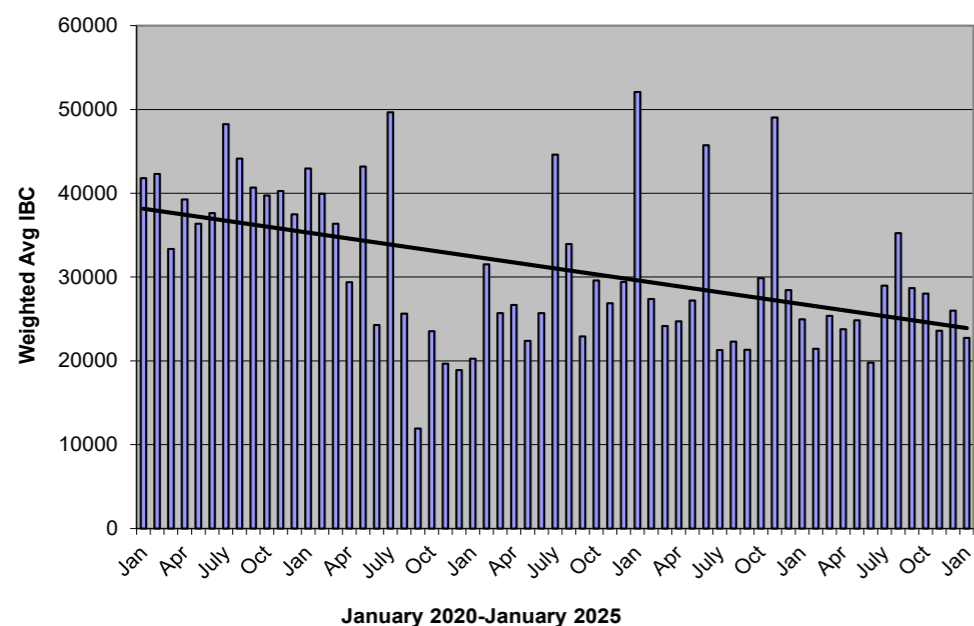
<https://farmstressline.ca/>

	(1) Monthly Total Production Kgs of bf	(2) Total Monthly CDC Quota Allocation Kgs bf	(3) Monthly Over or (Under) Production Kgs bf col. 1 - 2 = 3	(4) Lower Flexibility Limit -2.00% Kgs bf col. 8 * -1.5%	(5) Upper Flexibility Limit 1.25% Kgs bf col. 8 * 1.0%	(6) Cumulative Over or (Under) Production with limits Kgs bf	(7) Cumulative Over or (Under) Production with limits (%) col. 6 / 8	(8) Rolling 12 Month Total Quota Kgs bf
Jan-24	1,081,769	984,061	97,708	-248,094	155,059	1,211,142	9.76%	12,404,706
Feb-24	1,012,539	998,713	13,826	-250,487	156,555	1,224,968	9.78%	12,524,364
Mar-24	1,032,842	1,119,876	(87,034)	-251,106	156,941	1,137,934	9.06%	12,555,295
Apr-24	1,022,410	1,041,523	(19,113)	-252,151	157,594	1,118,822	8.09%	12,607,550
May-24	1,057,676	1,062,316	(4,640)	-253,989	158,743	1,015,772	8.00%	12,699,454
Jun-24	1,020,005	1,023,800	(3,795)	-255,018	159,386	1,011,977	8.07%	12,750,883
Jul-24	1,054,317	1,034,623	19,694	-255,860	159,912	1,048,972	8.20%	12,792,984
Aug-24	1,080,448	1,139,872	(59,424)	-256,747	160,467	989,548	7.90%	12,837,330
Sep-24	1,060,441	1,119,990	(59,549)	-255,026	159,391	954,132	7.48%	12,751,284
Oct-24	1,122,537	1,226,912	(104,375)	-257,846	161,154	849,757	6.59%	12,892,308
Nov-24	1,093,664	1,104,566	(10,902)	-257,662	161,039	838,854	6.51%	12,883,108
Dec-24	1,145,246	1,114,591	30,655	-259,417	162,136	869,509	6.70%	12,970,843
Jan-25	1,151,631	1,177,377	(25,746)	-263,283	164,552	843,763	6.41%	13,164,159

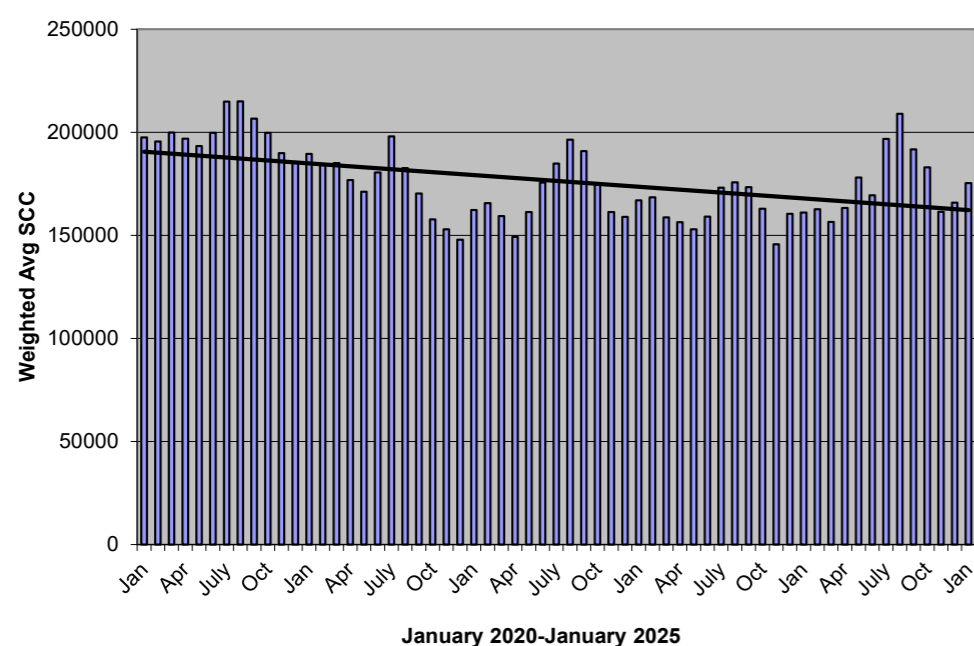
In **January**, Saskatchewan had a monthly CDC allocation of **1,177,377 kgs** of butterfat. Saskatchewan production was **25,746 kgs** of butterfat under and cumulatively over by **843,763 kgs** of butterfat. On a percentage basis, Saskatchewan is **6.41%** above our CDC allocation flexibility limits based on the Continuous Quota model. The -2.00% lower flexibility limit is in effect.

- (1) Monthly Production in Saskatchewan
- (2) Total Monthly Quota = Class 1 sales + Monthly MSQ + Carry Forward
- (3) Difference between the monthly production (1) and the total monthly quota (2)
- (4) The Lower Flexibility Limit is -2.00% of Rolling 12 Month Total Quota (9)
- (5) The Upper Flexibility Limit is 1.25% of Rolling 12 Month Total Quota (9)
- (6) Previous Month Cumulative Over or (Under) Production + Current Monthly Over or (Under) Production (capped at lower or upper limit if applicable)
- (7) Equal to Column (6) expressed as a percentage basis within the flexibility limits
- (8) Total Monthly CDC Quota Allocation for the previous 12 months

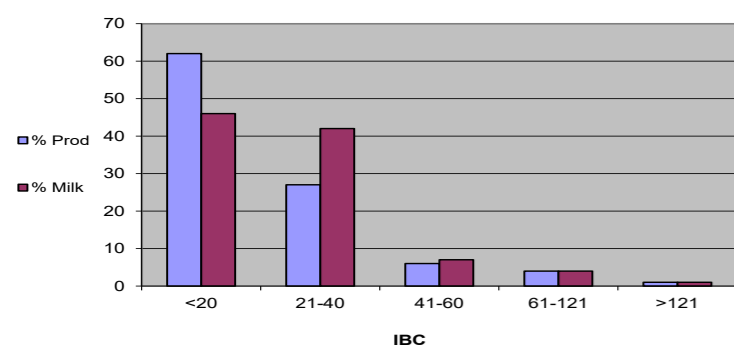
Monthly Weighted Average IBC



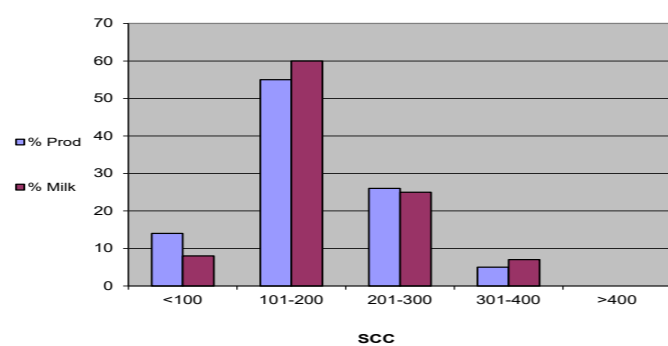
Monthly Weighted Average SCC



January 2025



January 2025



January 2025 Quality Bonus

101115806 SASKATCHEWAN LTD.*	COUNTRY HILLS HUTTERIAN BRETHERN INC.*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN OF PENNANT INC.*	KIELSTRA HOLSTEINS INC.*	SANDY RIDGE DAIRY* INC.*
102091087 SASKATCHEWAN LTD.*	CRAILA DAIRY LTD*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH OF EAGLE CREEK INC.*	KNITTIG FARMS LTD.*	SCOTT COLONY*
ADIT FARMS INC.*	DALVOORDE DAIRIES LTD.*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH OF LAJORD*	LAKEVIEW COLONY*	SEPTEMBER SUN ACRES LTD.*
ARTLAND DAIRIES INC*	DAUM DAIRIES*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH OF QUILL LAKE LTD.*	LAKEVIEW HOLSTEINS INC.*	SIERRA HUTTERIAN BRETHERN*
AURORA DAIRY INC.*	DIAMOND HOLSTEINS LTD.*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH OF SOUTHLAND INC.*	LEYENHORST, ALBERT & HEATHER*	SIMMIE HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH*
BAILDON HUTT BRETHERN INC.*	DOWNIE LAKE CHURCH COLONY*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH OF SPRING LAKE INC.*	LOVHOLM HOLSTEINS*	SMILEY HUTTERIAN BRETHERN*
BALGONIE HOLSTEINS LTD.*	EAGLEWOOD HOLDINGS LTD*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH OF TWIN CREEK INC.*	MAIN CENTRE DAIRY FARM*	SPRINGBROOK FARMS LTD.*
BENCH HUTTERIAN BRETHERN LTD*	EATONIA HUTTERIAN BRETHERN INC*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH PONTEIX*	MARFAY FARMS LIMITED*	STAR VALLEY FARM JOINT VENTURE*
BERKHOUT, SIMON & ARJA*	ENNS FARMS LTD*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN OF DINSMORE*	MIL-EN-ROY FARMS (1981) LTD*	SUNNYSIDE DAIRY*
BERTOHN FARMS LTD.*	FEHR'S RIVERFRONT FARM LTD.*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN OF ESTUARY CORP.*	NIENHUIS FAMILY FARM INC.*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH OF RIVERVIEW *
BEST-O-WEST-O DAIRY*	FOX VALLEY FARMING CO. LTD*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN OF KYLE*	PLUM BLOSSOM FARM LTD.(SASK)*	TOM & WENDY MUFFORD*
BLU J FARMS*	GLIDDEN HUTTERIAN BRETHERN*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN OF MILDEN INC.*	PRAIRIE WEST DAIRIES INC.*	VANGUARD HUTTERIAN BRETHERN*
BRAMVILLE JERSEYS*	Grassy Hill Colony*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN OF WEST BENCH*	Q VALLEY FARM LTD.*	VANZESSEN DAIRY INC.*
BROYHILL HOLSTEINS*	HAVERLAND DAIRY LTD.*	J & J BOOT DAIRY LTD. #2*	R & F LIVESTOCK INC.*	W.C.C. DAIRIES CORP.*
BRUINSDALE FARMS LTD.*	HIGHDALE FARMS LTD.*	JAYLEE FARMS INCORPORATED*	RICHARD VAN DONGEN & LORETTA BERKHOUT- VAN DONGEN*	WALDECK HUTTERIAN BRETHERN*
BUTTE COLONY*	HODGEVILLE COLONY*	JBK FARMS LTD.*	RIVER VALLEY HOLSTEINS LTD.*	WALLYWAY FARMS LTD.*
CARONCREST FARMS LTD*	HUTT BRET CHURCH OF SWIFT CURRENT INC*	JIMLEE FARMS LTD.*	RIVERSIDE DAIRY LTD.*	WESTWIKK FARMS*
CARTER WOODSIDE*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH OF BEECHY*	K & K THONER DAIRY LTD.*	ROSETOWN FARMING CO. LTD.*	WHEATLAND HUTT BRET OF CABRI INC*
CLEAR SPRING COLONY*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH SPRING CREEK*	KEN & KAREN GIESBRECHT*	RYDALL LIVESTOCK LTD.*	WILLOW PARK COLONY*
CORNELIUS & TRACY WIEBE*	HUTTERIAN BRETHERN CHURCH SPRINGWATER*	KESSEL FAMILY FARM*	SAND LAKE HUTTERIAN BRETHERN*	



Who Should I Call?



Who at the SaskMilk office should producers call?
Here's a handy guide!

FOR	CALL	AT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quota Exchange and Private Quota Transfers Leases Transfer Credits Security Applications Projections for production Name Changes Designation of Signing Authority Monthly production numbers for producers 	Bev Solie	306-721-9488
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sponsorship Requests Donation Requests Dairyanna's Costume and Events School Milk Program Nutrition Resource Ordering Social media enquiries (Twitter, Instagram, Facebook) Promotional Items 	Breann Eberle	306-721-9483
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Website enquiries Newsletter advertising Sponsorship Requests Dairy Conference 	Cailyn Jones	306-540-3639
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> On Farm- licensing, facilities, equipment, driveways, yards, animal care Bulk truck drivers- licensing, complaints/issues Bulk tank calibrations Rayner Dairy Centre & Research Environment and Regulatory 	Chris Pinno	306-721-9494
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monthly milk prices paid to producers Provincial & National production updates 	Doug Miller	306-721-9485
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SaskMilk Portal Assistance Website enquiries Newsletter advertising Dairy Conference Nutrition Resource Ordering 	Jenn Buehler	306-721-9492
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Website enquiries Newsletter advertising Policy Media or news stories or if you have been contacted by any media agency or reporter 	Julie Ell	306-519-3136
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> On Farm- licensing, facilities, equipment, driveways, yards, animal care Lab testing results Pro Action- Food Safety (CQM), Animal Care, Traceability, Biosecurity, Environment Extension services 	Tina Leverton	306-721-9486

SaskMilk offers a free classifieds service as part of its newsletter. Anyone wishing to place an ad is welcome to contact the SaskMilk office at (306) 949-6999 or info@saskmilk.ca. All negotiations will be independent of SaskMilk. Please note that ads will be posted in two issues and will then be removed unless SaskMilk is notified otherwise.

Good Alfalfa Hay for Sale near Dalmeny

Really Nice straight Alfalfa hay ranging from coarser 2nd cut 150 RFV hay to really Fine 3rd cut 190RFV Hay.

3x3x8 medium squares bales that work good for both TMR and Fork Feeding.

Please Text or Call Albert at 1-306-230-0154 or Logan at 1-306-230-6844 for more information.

Reminder!

The deadline date for Quota Transfer, Quota Exchange, and 10% Transfer Limit Exemptions is the 6th of each month

Your Quota Transfer, and 10% Exemption Applications must be received on or before the 6th of the month in order to be effective the 1st of the following month
Quota Exchange forms must be received in the SaskMilk office on or before the 6th of the month for that month's Exchange.

SaskMilk Board & Executive Director

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