Do we Know the Cost of Milk Production in Saskatchewan? David Christensen

- Comprehensive cost of production studies are conducted by; Canadian Dairy Commission Dairy Farmers of Ontario Alberta Agriculture Quebec
- Cost of production estimates methods vary.
- How much do costs vary across farms?

Income and Cost of Production Studies

- Fluid milk price, the Western Pool has adopted the P5 formula based on Cost of Living, cash costs index, personal disposable income.
- Industrial milk price, based on COP study by CDC, accounting firms contracted in each province. About 200 farms, 10 in Sask.
- Some provinces do an additional within province COP.
- Alberta and Ontario have comprehensive studies, methods differ from each other and CDC

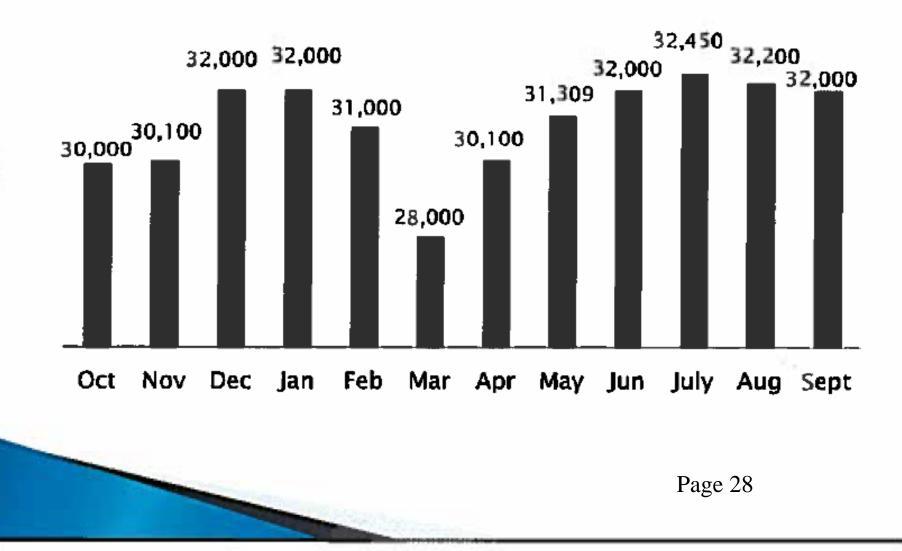
The Cost of Establishing a Sask Dairy Farm in 2017						
Item, 200 cows milking	Unit cost, \$	Per Cow \$	200 cows \$			
Barn area, includes insulation						
Free stall area, 100 sq ft/cow	\$ 30 per sq ft	3,300	660,000			
Other space (1)	\$ 36 per sq ft	900	180,000			
Stalls, matts		230	46,000			
Milking center const	\$ 45/sq ft	1,740	261,000			
Milking parlor	\$585,000	2,925	585,000			
Milk bulk tank, etc	\$90,000	600	90,000			
In barn manure equip	\$50,000	250	50,000			
Electrical and plumbing	\$100,000	500	100,000			
Ventillation	\$110,000	500	110,000			
Manure storage (2)	\$250,000	1,250	250,000			
Feed storage	\$210,000	1,400	210,000			
Facilities Total		13,595	2,542,000			
Quota, \$//kg/day	\$ 85/kg	30,000	6,000,000			
Milking cows	2,300	3,800	345,000			
Gross revenue \$/365 d, 33L	82 \$/100 L	9,877	1,481,535			
1, Box stalls, bedded pack, 450	00 sq ft					
2, Clay lined lagoon						
Other costs ?						
Site work	\$35,000					
Stand -by generator	\$10-25,000					
Well, water supply	\$10-30,000					

Quota Value 20 Years Ago, 1997

In the mid 1970s quota was introduced to regulate supply. Initially quota was obtained by purchasing cows. Later quota was traded within provinces as daily litres of milk at 3.6% fat. Then kg fat marketed per day on an ongoing basis

Province	\$/kg fat/day
BC	6,440
AB	6,675
SK	4,335 (3,285 in 1994)
MB	4,745
ON	7,360
QE	7,360
NS	7,360
NB	6,660
PEI	4,822

Saskatchewan Quota Exchange Results Sept 2017 (\$/daily kg b.f.)



Quota Cost per Cow Housed				2016	
Milk yield	Milk Fat	Fat/d	Fat/yr	Cost/kg/d	Cost/cow
L/day	%	kg	kg	\$	\$ for yr
32	3.7	1.184	432	80	→ 34,573
					1
Amortization of a Lo	an			Cost/kg/yr	[/] 29,200
Principal, \$	34,573∕∽		L		
n per yr	12				
yrs	15				
interest/yr	0.06				
r per n	0.005				
Payments,\$/cow/m	292				
Annual, \$	3,501	,			
Total payback,\$	52,514				
Cost, \$/ L milk	0.300				

Quota Cost Based on Price per kg and Loan Period							
Interest rate is a long term average of 5%							
Cost, kg fat/day, \$ 80 100 120							
Cost, one kg fat for 365 days, \$	29,200 36,500		43,800				
Cost/cow/yr, 12yr payback, \$	1,944	2,431	2,917				
Cost/L new milk, \$	0.333	0.416	0.499				
Cost/cow/yr, 6 yr payback, \$	3,386	4,232	5,078				
Cost/L new milk, \$	0.580	0.725	0.870				
If 3% interest over 12 yr							
Cost/cow/yr, 12yr payback, \$ 1,740 2,175 2,610							
Cost/L new milk, \$	0.298	0.372	0.447				

THE DAIRY COST STUDY:

Annual, July of following year

ECONOMICS OF MILK PRODUCTION

IN ALBERTA

On line as Alberta milk cost of production

The following tables are based on 49 herds surveyed in 2016, p 37 for detail

the Dairy Cost Study is released as a public document, no permissions are required

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Example of How Ontario and Alberta COP Studies Differ

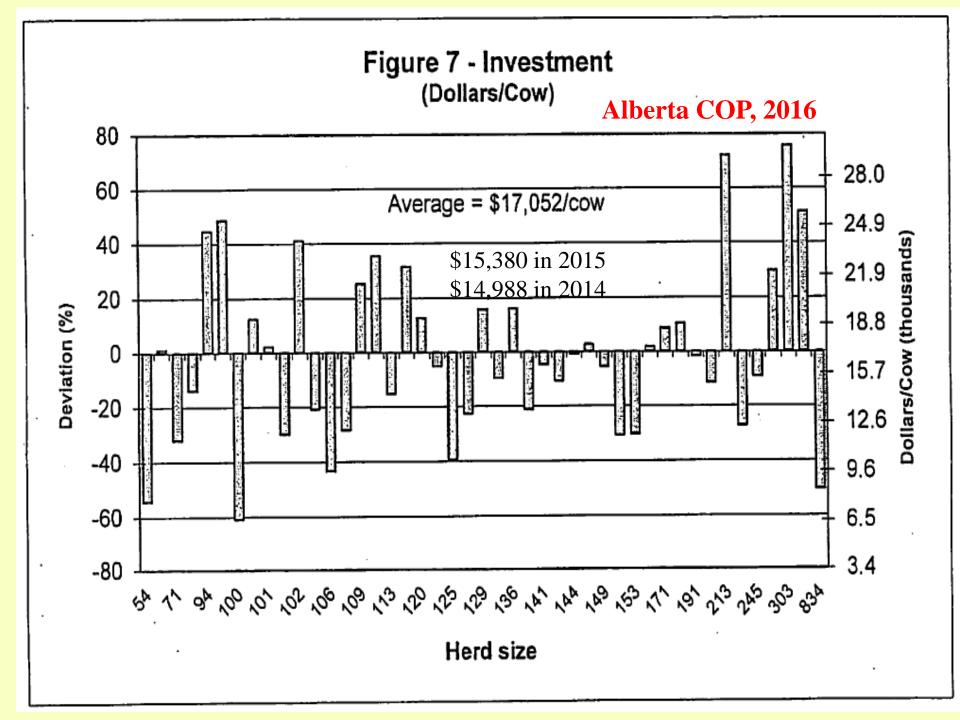
- Alberta estimate of average hours of labour per cow, 53 to 62 hours for milking, feeding and cleaning.
- Feed cost based on market. Individual farms \$28 to \$48/hl
- Ontario estimate per cow, 60 to 143 hours, but this includes time for feed production.

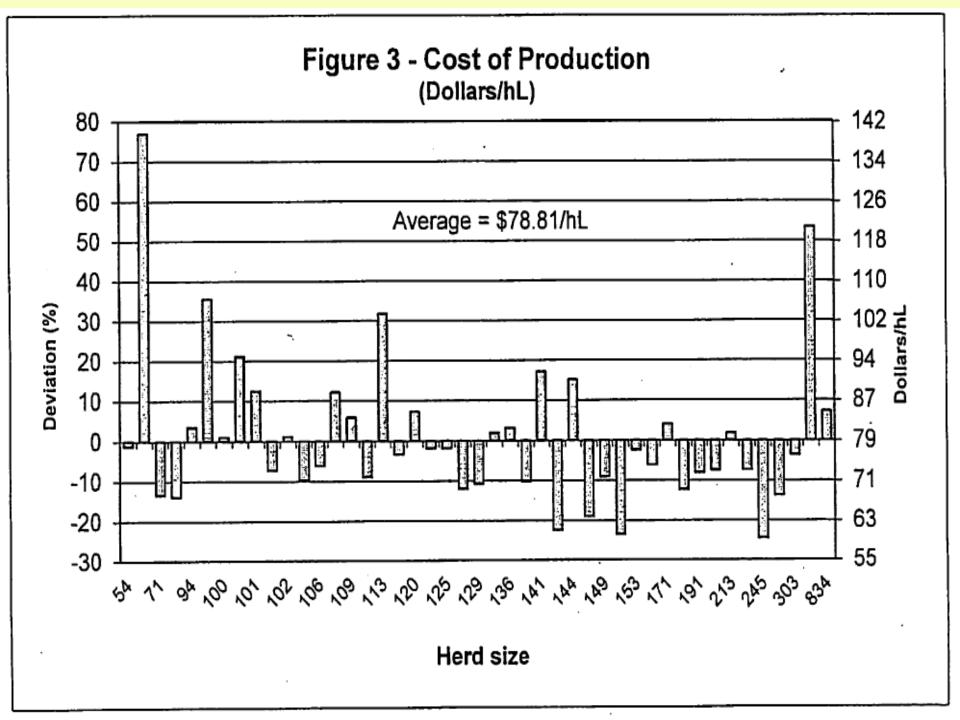
Alberta COP, 2016

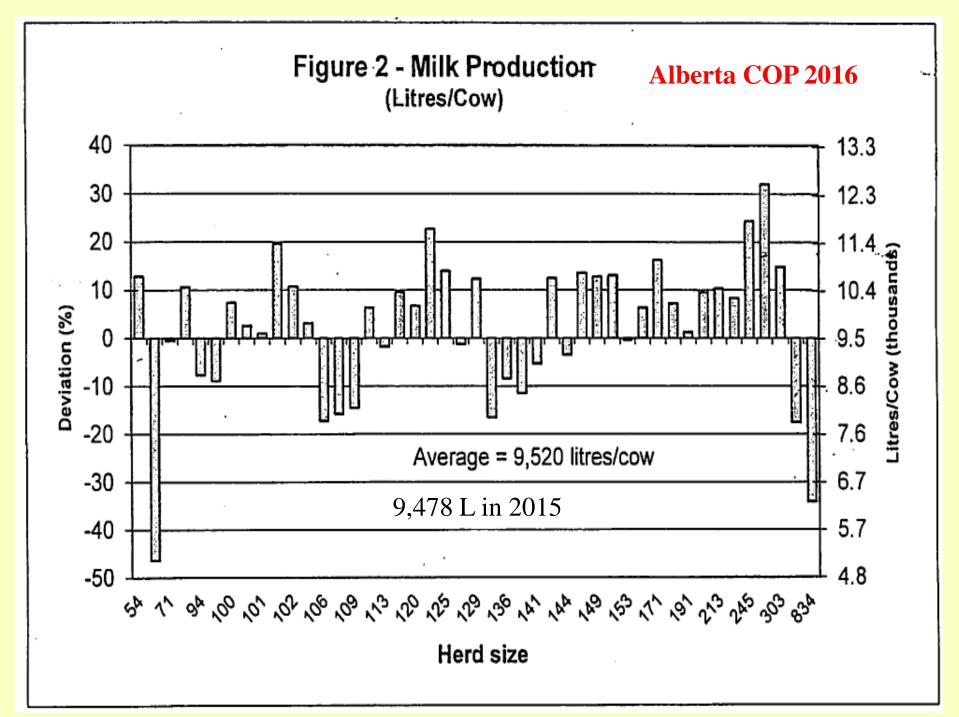
Table 8 - Dairy Enterprise by Total Cost Class

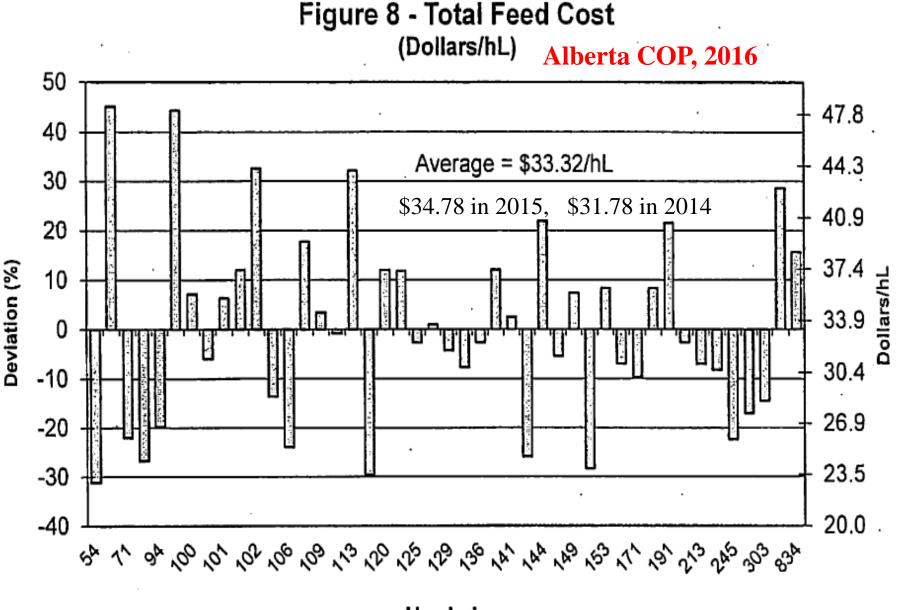
Total Cost ranged between	0	Top 1/3	Middle 1/3	Bottom 1/3
\$59.56 and \$139.39 per hL sold.		59.56-72.49	72.98-80.36	81.29-139.39
For this analysis, the sample				
group was split into the	Years in Dairy	26.50	27.03	25.63
following three classes:	Herd Size	148	148	186
	Milk Production (litres/yr)	10,384.78	10,232.22	8,650.45
Top 1/3 59.56 - 72.49	Home Grown Feed (%)	73.1	68.4	72.1
Middle 1/3 72.98 - 80.36	Butterfat Test (kg/hL)	4.06	4.04	4.13
Bottom 1/3 81.29 - 139.39	Gross Income (\$/hL)	84.58	83.91	86.48
	Feed Costs (\$/hL)	30.74	31.94	37.58
In this situation the top $1/3$	Labour (hrs/cow)	46.10	63.44	61.43
are the lower cost producers	Investment (\$/cow)	16,217.93	16,040.74	18,462.26
and the bottom $1/3$ are the	Return to Equity (%)	14.7	9.0	(4.9)
higher cost producers.	Return to Investment (%)	11.3	5.4	(2.5)
	Debt/Capital Ratio	0.17	0.27	0.30

Top 1/3	59.56 - 72.49
Middle 1/3	72.98 - 80.36
Bottom 1/3	81.29 - 139.39

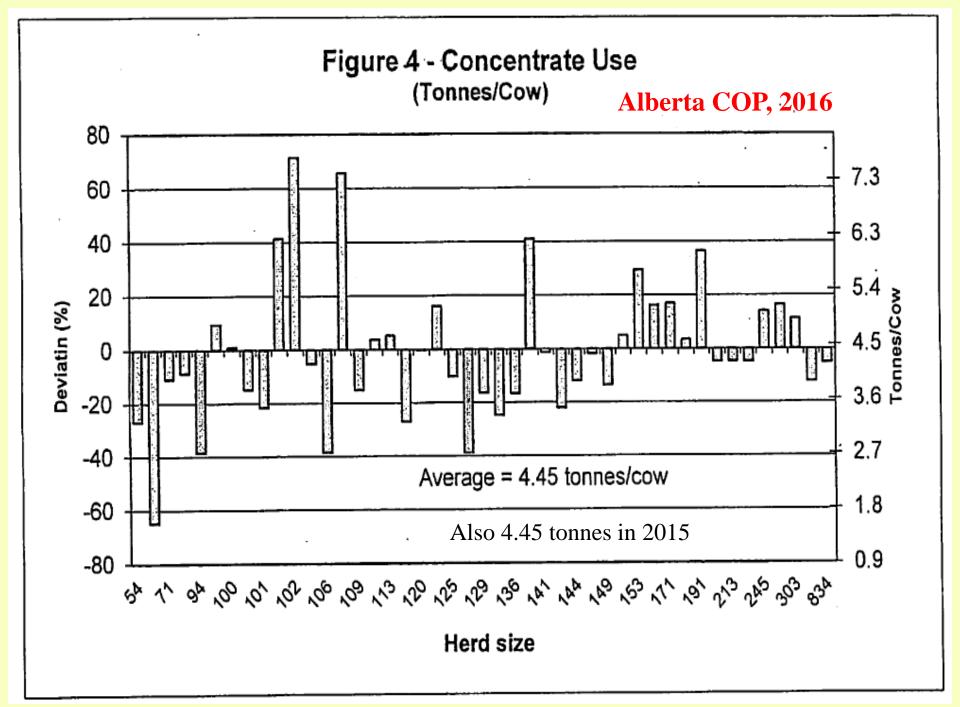


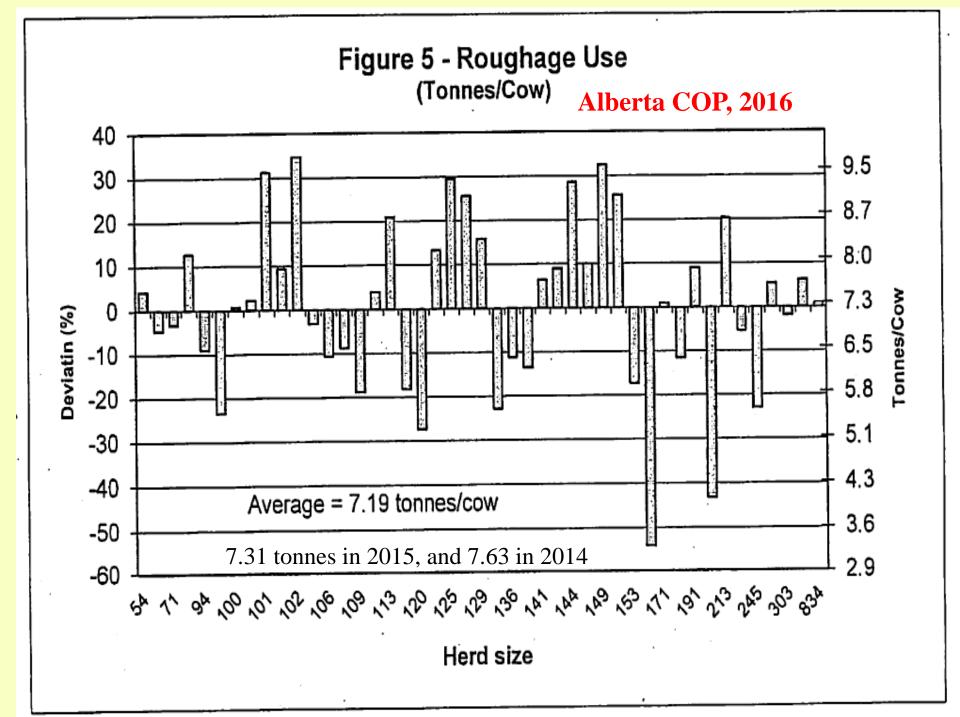


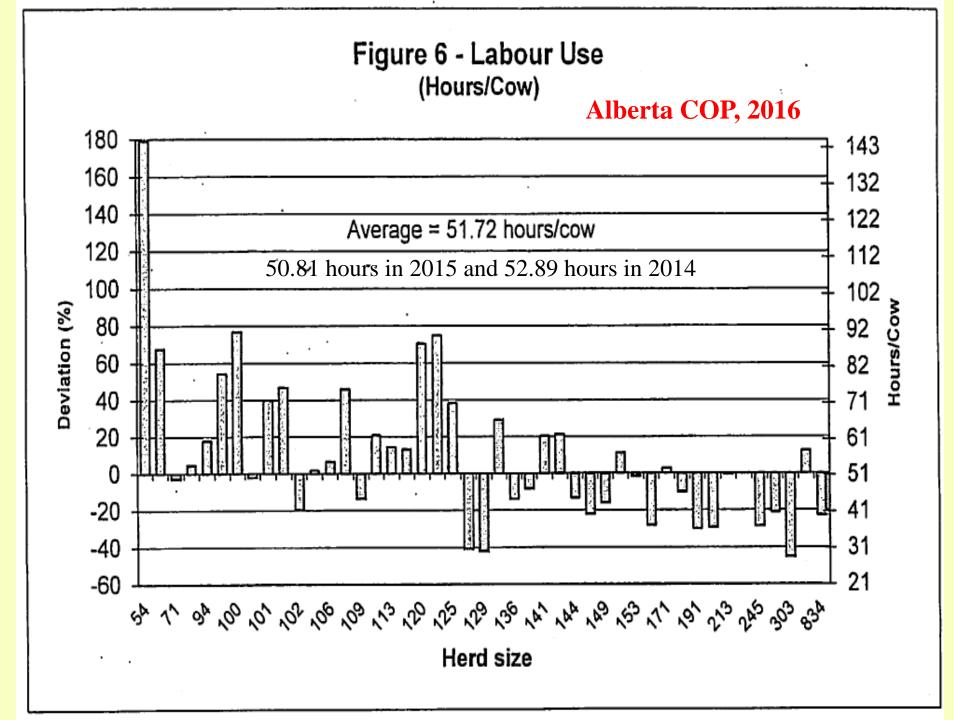




Herd size







Item Alberta COP 2016	Per Cow, \$	Per hl sold, \$
Milk sales	7,349	79.13
Other sales	586	6.32
Gross income	7,935	85.45
Feed costs	3,094	33.32
Operating (variable) costs	1,920	20.68
Overhead, taxes, capital	1,244	13.39
Labour		
Hired	315	3.40
Family	744	8.01
T <u>otal labou</u> r	1,059	→ 11.41
Total production costs	7,318	78.81
Return to equity	617	6.84
Net for 170 cows	104,890	
Investment per cow	16,000	
Return on investment, %	3.85	

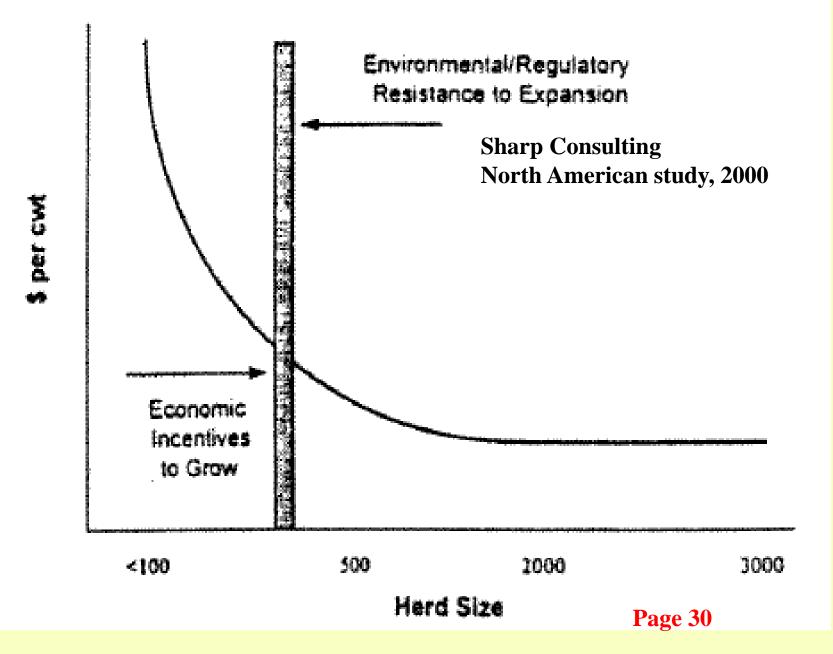
Ontario Dairy Farm Cost of Production				
2016, DFO and CDC	Farm			
	Average			
Number of Farms	65			
Number of cows	82.7			
Milk sold, litres per cow	9,300			
Labour per cow, hours (1)	99			
Workers per farm	2.4			
Milk and cattle revenue, \$/hl	82.94			
Direct expenses, \$/hl (2)	26.66			
Dairy crop expenses, \$/hl (3)	14.69			
Indirect and overhead, \$/hl	22.04			
Total cost \$/hl	63.39			
Net return, \$/hl	19.55			
1, includes feed production				
2, includes purchased feed				
3, On farm feed production				

The Ontario hours per cow problem 82.7 cows x 99 hrs per cow = 8147 hours 8187 hours /2.4 workers = 3,411 hrs per worker or, 341 ten hour days per worker ??? Income per worker 3,411 hr at \$15/hr = \$51,165 But recorded salaries and wages are \$25,684

Canadian Dairy Commission, 2016					
Based on 223 herds, 47 in	we	st			
Cash costs, \$/hl (1)		42.90			
Capital costs, \$/hl		14.45			
Labour and management		19.34			
Total cost, \$/hl (2)					
1, includes feed, produced and purchas					
2, Total includes return to equity of					
(\$3.90/hl) and management (\$5.25/hl)					
Management charged at \$44.69/hr					
Cost adjusted for equity a	nd	mgmt \$	67.5	53	

Summary of	USDA and	Alberta CO	P of	milk per h	a amd per cow	P 37A	
	2010 USDA			2012 to	2016 USDA	2012-16 Alberta	
	C \$/ha	C\$/cow		C \$/ha	C\$/cow	C \$/ha	C\$/cow
Feed cost	27.99	2,855		42.67	4,353	32.81	2,920
Operating costs	8.13	829		8.93	911	19.56	1,741
Labour	10.06	1,026		10.68	1,090	12.42	1,103
Overhead (capital)	11.19	1,141		12.35	1,260	12.62	1,122
Total costs	57.36	5,851		74.65	7,614	77.40	6,887
Income minus cost	-7.58	-773		-14.87	-1,517	9.42	836
Contribution margin	13.66	1,394		8.17	833	22.04	1,958
USDA survey results	per cwt in	\$US conver	ted	to kg and C	\$ based on \$C	0.80 per US	5\$
US milk yield per cov	v based on	10,200 kg.					
						Cow	ha milk
C\$/ha (cow)	49.78			59.78		86.82	80.50
US\$/cwt	18.07			21.70		31.51	29.22

Chart 9. Hypothetical Conflicting Economic/Regulatory Incentives



What is the Dairy Forage System Model? Financial management companies have

Financial management companies haveRsomewhat similar cost of production models

Rotz, J Dy Sci. 82 2826, 1999

The Dairy Forage System Model (DAFOSYM) simulates the performance, environmental impact and economics of a dairy farm over multiple years of weather. The simulation includes the growth, harvest, handling and storage of alfalfa, grass, corn, small grain and soybean crops. Farm produced feeds are supplemented with purchased feeds to meet a given level of production for a dairy herd. Manure is returned back to the land where nutrients are lost, accumulated in the soil or used in crop production. Costs of feed production and manure handling are compared to milk, animal, and feed sales to determine a net return over those costs for the farm. Other farm costs are then included to estimate the net return or profitability of the whole farm. To provide an understanding of the model and its capabilities, a brief overview is presented. More detail can be found in the Reference Manual provided with the model or the references cited.

What will be the Income Impact be of the Comprehensive and Progressive Trans Pacific Partnership (CPTPP)?

- Some specific supply management impacts published by ipolitics January 23 2018.
- Import access equal to 3.25% of the current dairy market.
- Initially 14,000 tonnes, up to 16,502 tonnes of cheese. Similar to the CTEA agreement.
- Raw milk, initially 50,000 tonnes increasing to 56,905 tonnes, for food processing.
- No announcement on producer compensation.
- What impact on the 220,000 dairy related jobs?



SaskMilk has a New Entrant Program

- SaskMilk will provide participants a quota grant of 15 to 20 kgs (on a 1:1 match basis) for production by the new production facility. No ownership or financial interest in an existing dairy.
- Grant quota may be produced by the production facility for as long as the Applicant remains a licensed producer.
- Grant quota is not saleable or transferable.
- If the production unit purchases or acquires quota within the first five years from the start of production that results in a production unit size greater than 80 kg, Grant quota will be returned to SaskMilk on a 1:1 basis as it goes over the 80 kg limit.
- Grant quota is assignable to financial institutions for the purpose of security, subject to approval by SaskMilk, with specific conditions to apply to the assignee's ownership and disposal of Grant Quota:

